

PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET

SULFURIC ACID

| A. GENERAL INFORMATION | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-------|----|
| | A GEN | ERA | (明) | NFO | RMATI | ON |

TRADE NAME (COMMON NAME)

CAS. NO.

GENERAL PRODUCT CODE #

7664-93-9

CHEMICAL NAME AND/OR SYNONYM

SULFURIC ACID

SULFURIC ACID

Synonym: battery acid

CORMILA

H2SO4 (Various Concentrations) in water

MOLECULARI WEIGHT

98.08

ADDRESS (No., STREET, CITY, STATE AND ZIP CODE)

GENERAL CHEMICAL CORPORATION

90 East Halsey Road Parsippany, N.J. 07054

CONTACT

Manager of Product Safety

PHONE NUMBER

(201) 515-1840

LAST ISSUE DATE

CURRENT ISSUE DATE May, 1990

July, 1989 Ma

B. FIRST AID MEASURES

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER (800) 631-8050

SKIN OR EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water continuing for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contaminated clothing while washing. Continue flushing with water

if medical attention is not immediately available.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give several glasses of milk (preferred) or water.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Observe for possible delayed reaction. If breathing has stopped, give artificial

respiration. If breathing with difficulty, give oxygen, provided a qualified operator is available.

GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE for ingestion, inhalation, eye contact, irritation, or burns.

C. HAZARDS INFORMATION

HEALTH

INHALATION

Inhalation of tumes or acid mist can cause irritation or corrosive burns to the upper respiratory system, including nose, mouth, and throat. Lung irritation and pulmonary edema can also occur. LC 50 (mist, animals): 20-60 mg/cu.m. -- Ref. (a).

INGESTION

Can cause irritation and corrosive burns to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can be fatal if swallowed. Applicable to dilute solutions: LD 50 (rat): 2140 mg/kg -- Reference (b).

SKIN

Can cause severe burns.

EYE\$

Liquid contact can cause irritation, corneal burns, and conjunctivitis. Blindness may result, or severe or permanent injury. Mist contact may irritate or burn. Reference (b).

PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION: AIR

(SEE SECTION J)

1 mg/m3 (as H2SO4) (OSHA)

BIOLOGICAL

TLV: same (ACGIH)

IDLH 80 mg/m³

None.

UNUSUAL CHRONIC TOXICITY

(1) Erosion of teeth, (2) lesions of the skin, (3) tracheo-bronchitis, (4) mouth inflammation, (5) conjunctivitis, (6) gastritis.

-- Reference (a).

ND - NOT DETERMINED

NA - NOT APPLICABLE

| C. HAZARDS (Cont.) & FIRE AND EXPLOSION | |
|---|---|
| FLASH POINT O.C. AUTO IGNITION D.C. | FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (% BY VOL.) |
| Not flammable TEMPERATURE Not applicable | LOWER - Not applicable UPPER - Not applicable |
| OPEN CUP CLOSED CUP | LOWER - Not applicable OFFETT - Not applicable |
| UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS Flammable and potentially explosive hydrogen gas can be generally sulfuric acid can ignite combustible materials on contact. | ited inside metal drums and storage tanks. Concentrated |
| D. PRECAUTIONS/PROCEDURES | |
| FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS RECOMMENDED | |
| If involved in a fire, use water spray; avoid spraying water into consmother fire with dry chemical. | stainers. If only a small amount of combustibles is present, |
| FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENTS TO AVOID | |
| Use water spray or other suitable agent for fires adjacent to non-k | aaking tanks or other containers of sulfuric acid. |
| · | |
| SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PRECAUTIONS | |
| Do not use solid water streams near ruptured tanks or spills of sul acid onto perrsonnel. | furic acid. Acid reacts violently with water and can spatter |
| VENTILATION | <u> </u> |
| Sufficient to reduce vapor and acid mists to permissible levels. Parmay require mechanical exhaust systems. Corrosion-proof constrution hoods) are frequently used in the electronics industry. | ckaging and unloading areas and open processing equipment uction recommended. Closed ventilation systems (e.g. vapor |
| NORMAL HANDLING Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or a are detailed in references listed in Section J. Do not add water to with agitation. Use only with adequate ventilation. STORAGE | mist. Use protective equipment outlined in Section E. Procedures acid. When diluting, always add acid to water cautiously and |
| Protect from physical damage. Store in cool, well-ventilated area sun and away from heat. Keep containers upright. No smoking in | away from combustibles and reactive chemicals. Keep out of storage area. |
| SPILL OR LEAK (ALWAYS WEAR PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT - SECTION E) | は、在文章を発 している。 では、 11、都文章とは、諸様は、「本文」とというという。 |
| Dilute small spills or leaks cautiously with plenty of water. Neutral ventilation is required for soda ash due to release of CO ₂ gas. (S Major spills must be handled by a predetermined plan. Diking with Attempt to keep out of sewer. Any release to the environment of t requirements. Check with appropriate agencies. | ee Section I for disposal methods). No smoking in spill area. h soda ash is recommended. Consult References, Section J. |
| SPECIAL: PRECAUTIONS/PROCEDURES/LABEL INSTRUCTIONS | SIGNAL WORD - DANGER! |
| Loosen closures carefully. For carrying glass bottles, use rubber if stored in metal containers, vapors can contain explosive hydrogen | protective enclosures. |
| | |
| E. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT | |
| RESPIRATORY PROTECTION | |
| SEE PAGE 5. | |
| EYES AND FACE | |
| SEE PAGE 5. | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| HANDS, ARMS, AND BODY | |
| SEE PAGE 5. | |

OTHER CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

SEE PAGE 5.

| MATERIAL IS (AT NORMAL CONDITIONS) | ADDEADANCE AND COOR | | <u> </u> |
|---|--|------------------------------|--|
| MATERIAL IS (AT NORMAL CONDITIONS): MILIQUID II SOLID II GA | APPEARANCE AND ODOR | الأعلى المناسبة | lieuld Oderless |
| ☑ LIQUID ☐ SOLID ☐ GA | AS Oily, colorless to slightly yellow, cle | ar to turdio | iiquia. Odoriess. |
| BOILING POINT Approx. 310 °C | SPECIFIC GRAVITY | | VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1) |
| For 94% | (BQUD) | | Not applicable |
| MELTING POINT Approx27 ° | C | | |
| SOLUBILITY IN WATER (% by Weight) | pH . | | VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg at 20°C) X (PSiG) |
| Complete | 1% solution: pH = 0.9 | . 1 | < 0.001 |
| | and the second of the second o | 1 1 | A Section of the sect |
| EVAPORATION RATE Butyl Acetate = 1) (Ether = 1) | % VOLATILES BY VOLUME (At 20°C) | | |
| Not applicable | Not applicable | | |
| <u></u> | · | : 1: | |
| G. REACTIVITY DATA | | | ・ は数数数据等ではあります。 (1995年) (199 |
| TABILITY | CONDITIONS TO AVOID | | |
| UNSTABLE STABLE | Temperatures of 300 deg. C or hi gas, which is toxic, corrosive, and | gher: yields I an oxidize | s sulfur trioxide ir |
| | The state of the s | 化二氯甲基甲二酚 | |
| COMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID) | , | | • |
| Nitro compounds, carbides, dienes, alcohand permanganates: cause fires and posviolent Ref. (g), (continued, Section K): | nois (when heated); cause explosions Refs sibly explosions. Allyl compounds and aldeh | s. (g,h). Oxi ydes: unde | dizing agents, such as chlorates irgo polymerization, possibly |
| 42ARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS | | | The second secon |
| | s a fire risk if in contact with organic material | e | |
| | | | |
| HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION | CONDITIONS TO AVOID | | <u></u> |
| MAY OCCUR MULL NOT OCC | CUR NA | | |
| A MICE HO! OOO | | * 1 | |
| | | | - / |
| H. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS (Mi) | ktures Only) | | San |
| MATERIAL OR CO | OMPONENT / C.A.S. # | WT.% | HAZARD DATA (SEE SECT. J) |
| MOTAN | PLICABLE | | |
| NOI API | FLIOABLE | . | |
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| I. ENVIRONMENTÄL | • | | |
|--|--|------------------------|-------------------|
| DEGRADABILITY/AQUATIC TOXICITY Aquatic Toxicity: | OCTANOLWATER PARTI | TION COEFFICIENT ND | |
| 24.5 ppm/24 hr./bluegill/lethal/fresh water 42.5 ppm/48 hr./prawn/LC ₅₀ /salt water | 6 | | |
| EPA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES (CLEAN WATER ACT SEC. 311) YES NO WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS (DISPOSER MUST COMPLY WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL DISPOSER) | | 0% H₂ SO₄ basis) | 40 CFR 116-117 |
| Treatment or diseased of court and activities of the court of the cour | | | |
| Treatment or disposal of waste generated by use of this product should to and local laws and regulations. Users are advised to consult with appropare treatment or disposal. | riate regulatory agencie | es before discarge, | ite |
| | pe reviewed in terms of a riate regulatory agencie HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER No. D0002 (cc | es before discarge, | 40 CFR 261.22 |
| treatment or disposal. RCRA STATUS OF UNUSED MATERIAL IF DISCARDED EPA Hazardous Waste J. REFERENCES | HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER | es before discarge, | 40 CFR |
| RCRA STATUS OF UNUSED MATERIAL IF DISCARDED EPA Hazardous Waste | HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER | es before discarge, | 40 CFR |
| treatment or disposal. RCRA STATUS OF UNUSED MATERIAL IF DISCARDED EPA Hazardous Waste J. REFERENCES | HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER No. D0002 (cc | es before discarge, | 40 CFR |

REGULATORY STANDARDS

D.O.T. CLASSIFICATION:

Corrosive material

D.O.T. Hazardous Materials Table 49 CFR 172.101

DOT ID Number: UN 1830.

GENERAL

- (a) Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values, 4th Edition, 1981, Am. Conf. of Governmental Hygienists, Cincinnati 45202.
- (b) NIOSH, Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, 1982-83, Accession #WS 556 00 000, PB81-154478, Nat. Tech. Info. Service, Springfield, VA 22161.
- (c) "Criteria for a Recommended Standard...Occupational Exposure to Sulfuric Acid", NIOSH U.S. Dept. of HHS, 1974, PB233098, Nat. Tech. Info. Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

K. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

J. REFERENCES -- General (continued)

- (d) NIOSH/OSHA, "Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards...", September, 1985.
- (e) "NIOSH/OSHA -- Occupational Health Guidelines for Chemical Hazards -- Sulfuric Acid", 1978.
- (f) Allied Chemical Technical Service Report for storage and handling procedures.
- (g) NFPA Manual 491M, "Manual of Hazardous Chemical Reactions, 1987 Nat. Fire Protection Assoc., Boston 02210.
- (h) Bretherick, L., Handbook of Reactive Chemical Hazards, 3rd Ed., 1985 Butterworths, Boston.

G. REACTIVITY DATA - Incompatibility (continued)

Alkalis, amines, water, hydrated salts, carboxylic acid anhydrides, nitriles, olefinic organics, glycols, aqueous acids: cause strong exothermic reactions. -- Refs. (g, h). Carbonates, cyanides, sulfides, sulfites, metals such as copper: yield toxic gases. -- Refs. (h). Also for metals, see hydrogen generation, Section C.

PSDS FILE NO. - GC-2000

THIS PRODUCT SAFETY DATA SHEET IS OFFERED SOLELY FOR YOUR INFORMATION, CONSIDERATION AND INVESTIGATION.

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SECTION E PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

1. HEAVY HANDLING

Respiratory Protection

Where required, use a respirator approved by NIOSH for sulfuric acid. If misting above 1 mg H₂SO₄/ wear: (a) gas mask with acid gas canister and also with high-efficiency particulate filter; (b) High-efficiency particulate respirator; (c) other choices, Reference (d).

Eyes and Face

As a minimum, wear hat, chemical safety goggles, and optionally full-face plastic shield. Do not wear contact lenses.

Hands, Arms, and Body

As a minimum, wear acid-resistant* apron, protective clothing, boots, and gloves for routine product use. For increased protection, include acid-resistant trousers and jacket.

2. SPECIALIZED HANDLING

(only applicable when using the closed ventilation system mentioned on p. 2):

Respiratory Protection

Generally not required. For emergency, e.g. a misting situation, use a respirator approved by NIOSH for sulfuric acid. See this page, under "1. HEAVY HANDLING - Respiratory Protection".

Eyes and Face

As a minimum, safety glasses with nonperforated sideshields. Add a face shield if pouring liquid. For leak or spill or other emergency, use chemical safety goggles and optionally, full face shield. Do not wear contact lenses.

Hands, Arms, and Body

As a minimum, wear acid-resistant apron and gloves*. For leak or spill or other emergency, use full protective clothing (see this page under *1. HEAVY HANDLING -- Hands, Arms, and Body)*.

Other Clothing and Equipment

Eyewash and quick-drench shower facilities. Neutralization supplies and equipment.

^{*}Preferably rubber.

SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT

SARA Title III

This product contains a toxic chemical or chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Because Jones Chemicals is in Standard Industrial Classification codes 20 through 39, manufactures or processes this toxic chemical, and sells or otherwise distributes this mixture or trade name product containing a toxic chemical to you, we are required to give you this notification under SARA Title III.

This notification is required to be made each year with at least the first shipment of each mixture or trade name product to each recipient beginning January 1, 1989.

This notification must not be detached from this Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). Any copying and redistribution of this MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of this notification attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

This mixture or trade name product contains the following toxic chemicals:

| SARA TITLE III TOXIC CHEMICAL | CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS SERVICE REGISTRY NUMBER (CAS #) | PERCENT BY WEIGHT OF TOXIC CHEMICAL |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Sulfuric Acid | 7664-93-9 | 66° Be (93%) |
| | (, | A State of the second second |